

## Gene Section

### Short Communication

# PTCH (patched homolog)

Jean-Loup Huret

Genetics, Dept Medical Information, University of Poitiers, CHU Poitiers Hospital, F-86021 Poitiers, France

Published in Atlas Database: May 1997

Online version is available at: <http://AtlasGeneticsOncology.org/Genes/PTCH100.html>

DOI: 10.4267/2042/32018

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Non-commercial-No Derivative Works 2.0 France Licence.

© 1997 Atlas of Genetics and Cytogenetics in Oncology and Haematology

### Identity

**Other names:** PTC, but this term was confusing with PTC/PKA.

**Location:** 9q22.3

**Local order:** between FACC and XPAC.

### DNA/RNA

#### Description

23 exons, 2 of which are non-coding; 34 kb.

#### Transcription

Alternate splicing: 3 different 5' termini.

### Protein

#### Description

Glycoprotein; 12 transmembrane domains, 2 extra cellular loops and intracellular N-term and C-term.

#### Localisation

Transmembrane protein.

#### Function

Part of a signalling pathway; opposed by the hedgehog gene's product; transmembrane protein, with a probable cell to cell adhesion role; is thought to have a repressive activity on cell proliferation; the recent demonstration of NBCS syndrome (see below) as a chromosome instability syndrome suggests that this protein has a role in DNA maintenance, repair and/or replication.

#### Homology

Patched (drosophila segment polarity gene).

### Mutations

#### Germinal

Germ-line mutations lead to protein truncation in naevoid basal cell carcinoma syndrome (NBCS) patients (see below).

#### Somatic

Mutation and allele loss events in basal cell carcinoma, in NBCS and in sporadic basal cell carcinoma are, so far, in accordance with the two-hit model for neoplasia, as is found in retinoblastoma.

### Implicated in

#### **Naevoid basal cell carcinoma syndrome (NBCS) or Gorlin syndrome**

##### Disease

Autosomal dominant condition; cancer prone disease (multiple basal cell carcinomas); it is also a chromosome instability syndrome.

##### Cytogenetics

Spontaneous and induced chromosome instability.

#### **Sporadic basal cell carcinoma**

### References

- Tabata T, Eaton S, Kornberg TB. The Drosophila hedgehog gene is expressed specifically in posterior compartment cells and is a target of engrailed regulation. *Genes Dev* 1992 Dec;6(12B):2635-45.
- Basler K, Struhl G. Compartment boundaries and the control of Drosophila limb pattern by hedgehog protein. *Nature* 1994 Mar 17; 368(6468):208-14.
- Capdevila J, Estrada MP, Sánchez-Herrero E, Guerrero I. The Drosophila segment polarity gene patched interacts with decapentaplegic in wing development. *EMBO J* 1994 Jan 1; 13(1):71-82.

Gailani MR, Ståhle-Bäckdahl M, Leffell DJ, Glynn M, Zaphiropoulos PG, Pressman C, Undén AB, Dean M, Brash DE, Bale AE, Toftgård R. The role of the human homologue of *Drosophila* patched in sporadic basal cell carcinomas. *Nat Genet* 1996 Sep; 14(1):78-81.

Hahn H, Christiansen J, Wicking C, Zaphiropoulos PG, Chidambaram A, Gerrard B, Vorechovsky I, Bale AE, Toftgard R, Dean M, Wainwright B. A mammalian patched homolog is expressed in target tissues of sonic hedgehog and maps to a region associated with developmental abnormalities. *J Biol Chem* 1996 May 24; 271(21):12125-8.

Hahn H, Wicking C, Zaphiropoulos PG, Gailani MR, Shanley S, Chidambaram A, Vorechovsky I, Holmberg E, Unden AB, Gillies S, Negus K, Smyth I, Pressman C, Leffell DJ, Gerrard B, Goldstein AM, Dean M, Toftgard R, Chenevix-Trench G, Wainwright B, Bale AE. Mutations of the human homolog of *Drosophila* patched in the nevoid basal cell carcinoma syndrome. *Cell* 1996 Jun 14; 85(6):841-51.

Johnson RL, Rothman AL, Xie J, Goodrich LV, Bare JW, Bonifas JM, Quinn AG, Myers RM, Cox DR, Epstein EH Jr, Scott MP. Human homolog of patched, a candidate gene for

the basal cell nevus syndrome. *Science* 1996 Jun 14; 272(5268):1668-71.

Wicking C, Shanley S, Smyth I, Gillies S, Negus K, Graham S, Suthers G, Haites N, Edwards M, Wainwright B, Chenevix-Trench G. Most germ-line mutations in the nevoid basal cell carcinoma syndrome lead to a premature termination of the PATCHED protein, and no genotype-phenotype correlations are evident. *Am J Hum Genet* 1997 Jan; 60(1):21-6.

Shafei-Benaissa E, Savage JR, Babin P, Larregue M, Papworth D, Tanzer J, Bonnetblanc JM, Huret JL. The naevoid basal-cell carcinoma syndrome (Gorlin syndrome) is a chromosomal instability syndrome. *Mutat Res* 1998 Feb 2; 397(2):287-92.

---

*This article should be referenced as such:*

Huret JL. PTCH (patched homolog). *Atlas Genet Cytogenet Oncol Haematol.* 1997;1(1):1-2.

---